



March 29, 2011

Director of Engineering
Public Service Commission
P.O. Box 615
Frankfort, KY 40602-0615

RECEIVED

MAR 31 2011

PUBLIC SERVICE
COMMISSION

RE: Administrative Case No. 2006-00494

Enclosed is the original and ten (10) copies of the 2010 Distribution Reliability Report for Shelby Energy Cooperative as requested in the above order dated October 26, 2007.

Should you have any questions or need further information, please contact our office.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "David Graham", written in a cursive style.

David Graham
System Technical Engineer

Enclosure

KENTUCKY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Electric Distribution Utility Annual Reliability Report

SECTION 1: CONTACT INFORMATION

UTILITY NAME	1.1	Shelby Energy Cooperative
REPORT PREPARED BY	1.2	Distribution System Solutions, Inc.
E-MAIL ADDRESS OF PREPARER	1.3	jtaylor.dss@fuse.net
PHONE NUMBER OF PREPARER	1.4	859-363-7983

SECTION 2: REPORT YEAR

CALENDAR YEAR OF REPORT	2.1	2010
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SECTION 3: MAJOR EVENT DAYS

T_{MED}	3.1	12.85
FIRST DATE USED TO DETERMINE T_{MED}	3.2	1-Jan-06
LAST DATE USED TO DETERMINE T_{MED}	3.3	31-Dec-09
NUMBER OF MED IN REPORT YEAR	3.4	3

NOTE: Per IEEE 1366 T_{MED} should be calculated using the daily SAIDI values for the five prior years. If five years of data are not available, then utilities should use what is available until five years are accumulated.

SECTION 4: SYSTEM RELIABILITY RESULTS

Excluding MED

SAIDI	4.1	93.93
SAIFI	4.2	0.72
CAIDI	4.3	130.46

Including MED (Optional)

SAIDI	4.4	160.46
SAIFI	4.5	1.23
CAIDI	4.6	130.46

Notes:

- 1) All duration indices (SAIDI, CAIDI) are to be reported in units of minutes.
 - 2) Reports are due on the first business day of April of each year
 - 3) Reports cover the calendar year ending in the December before the reports are due.
 - 4) IEEE 1366 (latest version) is used to define SAIDI, SAIFI, CAIDI, and T_{MED}
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KENTUCKY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Electric Distribution Utility Annual Reliability Report

SECTION 5: OUTAGE CAUSE CATEGORIES

Excluding MED

CAUSE CODE DESCRIPTION	SAIDI VALUE	CAUSE CODE DESCRIPTION	SAIFI VALUE
Scheduled 5.1.1	3.12	Scheduled 5.2.1	0.06
Major Storms 5.1.2	0.00	Major Storms 5.2.2	0.00
Equipm't or Installatio 5.1.3	19.81	Equipm't or Installatio 5.2.3	0.10
Age or Deterioration 5.1.4	0.20	Age or Deterioration 5.2.4	0.00
Weather 5.1.5	51.06	Weather 5.2.5	0.37
Birds or Animals 5.1.6	2.41	Birds or Animals 5.2.6	0.03
Public 5.1.7	10.96	Public 5.2.7	0.07
N/A 5.1.8		N/A 5.2.8	
Unknown 5.1.9	9.04	Unknown 5.2.9	0.08
Power Supplier 5.1.10	0.00	Power Supplier 5.2.10	0.00

SECTION 6: WORST PERFORMING CIRCUITS

CIRCUIT IDENTIFIER	SAIDI VALUE	MAJOR OUTAGE CATEGORY
BG Tie 6.1.1	507.56	50-Weather
Sub 2 Feeder 2 6.1.2	400.01	50-Lightning
Sub 7 Feeder 3 6.1.3	301.77	50-Weather
Sub 3 Feeder 2 6.1.4	212.02	11- Maintenance
Sub 7 Feeder 1 6.1.5	188.89	50-Weather
Sub 10 Feeder 1 6.1.6	187.83	50-Weather
Sub 6 Feeder 2 6.1.7	179.81	50-Weather
Sub 7 Feeder 2 6.1.8	163.88	50-Weather
Sub 13 Feeder 2 6.1.9	157.56	50-Weather
Sub 3 Feeder 3 6.1.10	145.32	70-Vehicle

CIRCUIT IDENTIFIER	SAIFI VALUE	MAJOR OUTAGE CATEGORY
BG Tie 6.2.1	4.13	50-Weather
Sub 10 Feeder 1 6.2.2	2.05	50-Weather
Sub 2 Feeder 2 6.2.3	1.68	50-Lightning
Sub 7 Feeder 3 6.2.4	1.33	50-Weather
Sub 7 Feeder 2 6.2.5	1.32	50-Weather
Sub 3 Feeder 3 6.2.6	1.12	70-Vehicle
Sub 6 Feeder 3 6.2.7	1.04	50-Weather
Sub 13 Feeder 2 6.2.8	1.01	50-Weather
Sub 4 Feeder 3 6.2.9	1.00	50-Weather
Sub 1 Feeder 2 6.2.10	1.00	50-Weather

KENTUCKY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Electric Distribution Utility Annual Reliability Report

Additional pages may be attached as necessary

SECTION 7: VEGETATION MANAGEMENT PLAN REVIEW

See attached report.

SECTION 8: UTILITY COMMENTS

See attached report.



2010 PSC Distribution Reliability Report

In regards to Administrative Case NO. 2006-00494

April 1, 2011

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I. Purpose of Report

This report is pursuant to the Public Service Commission's request for all electric distribution utilities to provide annual reports of reliability information as outlined in the findings from administrative case no. 2006-00494. This report documents the reliability performance of **Shelby Energy Cooperative** in Shelbyville, Kentucky for the 2010 calendar year.

Results in this report will be based on indices defined in IEEE standard 1366-2003, and will be reported on both system wide levels; as well as on the circuit level for the purpose of determining the ten worst performing circuits in the Shelby system. In this analysis major event days will NOT be included. Major Event Days will be identified based on the Beta Method described in the IEEE 1366 standard.

II. IEEE 1366 Definition of terms

The following terms are defined according to the IEEE standard 1366 and have been used in this report.

SAIFI = System Average Interruption Frequency Index calculated as

$$\text{SAIFI} = \frac{\text{Total number of customer interruptions}}{\text{Total number of customers served}}$$

SAIDI = System Average Interruption Duration Index given in minutes and hours per year calculated as

$$\text{SAIDI} = \frac{\text{Sum of all customer interruption durations}}{\text{Total number of customers served}}$$

CAIDI = Customer Average Interruption Duration Index

$$\text{CAIDI} = \frac{\text{SAIDI}}{\text{SAIFI}} = \frac{\text{Sum of all customer interruption durations}}{\text{Total number of customer interruptions}}$$

T_{MED} = Major event day identification threshold value calculated as

$$T_{\text{MED}} = e^{(\alpha + 2.5\beta)} \quad \text{where}$$

α = the average of the natural logarithms of each daily SAIDI value for the year

β = the standard deviation of the natural logarithms of the daily SAIDI values

III. Historical Data

Tables III.1 and III.2 show the reliability indices for the Shelby system for the past ten years. Table III.1 reflect all outages excluding outages caused by major storms. The Beta Method outlined in IEEE 1366 for identifying Major Event Days was not used when determining these indices. Table III.2 reflects outages where Major Event Days have been identified and omitted when determining the outage indices according to IEEE 1366.

Table III.1 Historical Indices

	SAIDI	SAIFI	CAIDI
2000	3.68	1.69	2.18
2001	2.32	1.27	1.83
2002	1.61	0.85	1.89
2003	1.30	0.76	1.71
2004	1.10	0.80	1.38
2005	1.09	0.53	2.08
2006	1.84	0.82	2.23

Table III.2 Historical Indices using IEEE 1366

	SAIDI	SAIDI	SAIFI	CAIDI	CAIDI
	in hrs	in mins		in hrs	in mins
2007	0.91	54.31	0.67	1.35	80.79
2008	1.48	89.04	0.79	1.88	112.71
2009	1.86	111.59	0.85	2.19	131.28

IV. 2010 System-wide Reliability Indices

All reliability indices for the Shelby system for 2010 were calculated with Major Event Days excluded. The Major Event Day Threshold (T_{MED}) was determined based on the SAIDI (in mins)/day values for 2006, 2007, 2008, and 2009 and equals **12.85 SAIDI/day**. The Major Event Days (days that exceeded T_{MED}) for 2010 are identified in Table IV.1. Monthly and year total reliability indices for 2010 are shown in Table IV.2.

Table IV.1 Major Event Days

Date	Related Cause	SAIDI /day (min)
6/29/2010	Substation Regulator & Vehicle	21.10
7/17/2010	Weather/Lightning	21.58
8/5/2010	Transmission Line	44.31

Table IV.2 2010 Reliability Indices

2010 Outages excluding Major Event Days
By Month

Months Totals	SAIFI	SAIDI	CAIDI
JANUARY	0.02	5.43	237.14
FEBRUARY	0.04	9.42	242.98
MARCH	0.05	5.62	124.10
APRIL	0.05	4.53	96.52
MAY	0.04	6.09	158.42
JUNE	0.15	18.99	125.42
JULY	0.16	18.67	117.19
AUGUST	0.05	9.04	186.52
SEPTEMBER	0.10	9.62	98.36
OCTOBER	0.04	3.19	90.90
NOVEMBER	0.01	0.68	90.80
DECEMBER	0.03	2.65	93.86
YEARLY TOTAL	0.72	93.93	mins 130.46
		1.57	hours 2.17

V. Outage Causes

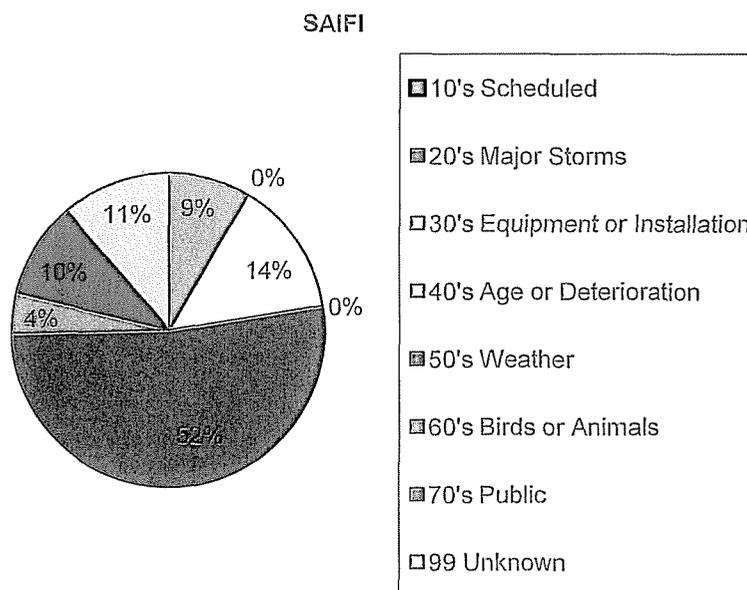
Shelby tracks the causes of outages to the best of their ability. There are 9 main groups of cause categories. Table V.1 shows the reliability indices for each cause category group. Charts V.1 – V.3 show the percent contribution of each cause category to the overall system reliability indices.

Table V.1 Outages by Cause Codes

2010 Outages excluding Major Event Days By Cause Codes

Cause Code	Description	No. Of Consumers	Consumer Hours	SAIFI	SAIDI	CAIDI
10's	Scheduled	933	795.18	0.06	3.12	52.00
20's	Major Storms	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
30's	Equipment or Installation	1459	5056.63	0.10	19.81	198.10
40's	Age or Deterioration	32	49.99	0.00	0.20	0.01
50's	Weather	5740	13031.77	0.37	51.06	138.00
60's	Birds or Animals	532	615.06	0.03	2.41	80.33
70's	Public	1085	2798.07	0.07	10.96	156.57
99	Unknown	1278	2307.78	0.08	9.04	113.00
00	Power Supplier	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Chart V.1 SAIFI by Cause Code



V. Outage Causes - continued

Chart V.2 SAIDI by Cause Code

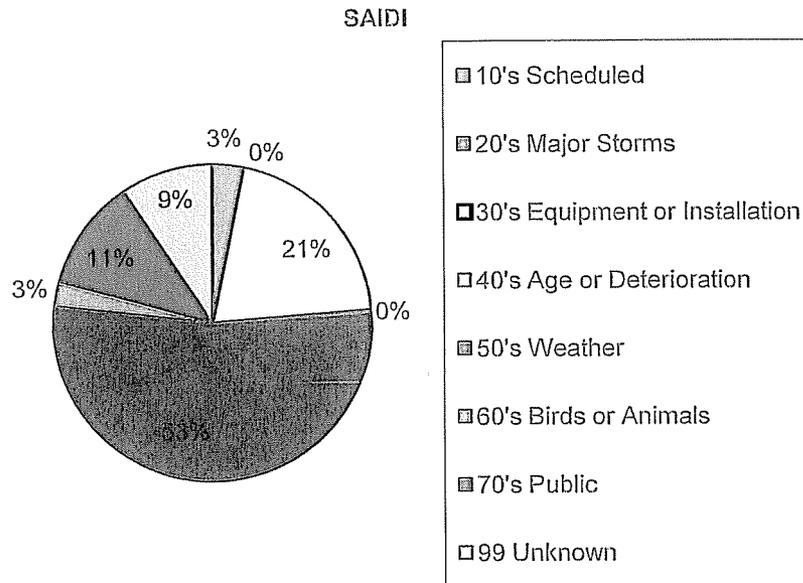
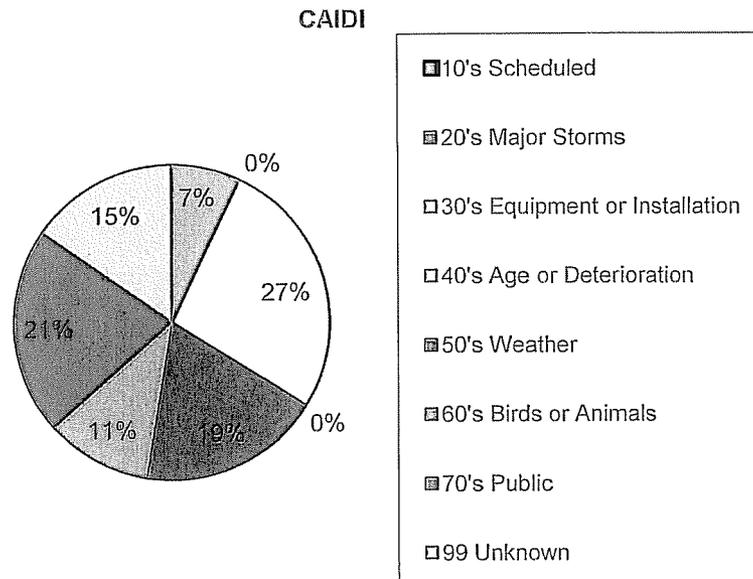


Chart V.3 CAIDI by Cause Code



VI. Ten Worst Circuits

The reliability indices were calculated for each feeder for 2010, and the ten worst performing feeders for SAIFI and SAIDI were identified. Each feeder was analyzed as its own “system” in that only the consumers served on a given feeder were used in the calculation of the index for that feeder. Tables VI-1 through VI-2 on the following pages show the results of the feeder analysis for each index listed from worst to best in reliability.

Weather events were the main cause affecting the reliability of Shelby Energy’s distribution system. Shelby Energy strives to design, maintain, and operate its distribution system to minimize outage times and affected members due to adverse weather conditions.

Shelby Energy continues to use wild life guards and insulated cover up material in substations and the distribution equipment where electrical clearances are close.

Circuits where poor performance can be attributed to material/equipment faults will be evaluated for replacement and/or up-grade. An example is the tie line where Bluegrass Energy is feeding Shelby Energy’s customers and this feed has become problematic. Existing lines have been upgraded in 2010 that feeds this area and by summer of 2011 this project should be completed whereby all Shelby Energy’s customers are fed from Shelby Energy’s distribution lines. This tie line may remain for use as an emergency backfeed but no longer used as a normal feed.

Table VI.1 Circuits with 10 worst SAIFI indices highlighted

Reliability Rankings from Greatest to Least
By SAIFI

Substation	Feeder	No. Of Consumers Out	Consumer Hours	No. Of Consumers on Feeder	SAIFI	Major cause
BG Tie		653	1336.57	158	4.13	Weather
10	1	1789	2729.78	872	2.05	Weather
2	2	688	2733.37	410	1.68	Lightning & Equipment
7	3	302	1141.70	227	1.33	Weather
7	2	888	1843.61	675	1.32	Weather
3	3	546	1181.92	488	1.12	Vehicle
6	3	478	477.73	459	1.04	Weather
13	2	457	1189.55	453	1.01	Weather
4	3	482	391.74	480	1.00	Weather
1	2	152	294.28	152	1.00	Weather
7	1	87	286.49	91	0.96	
3	2	517	1961.15	555	0.93	
2	1	303	518.21	378	0.80	
5	3	486	845.18	623	0.78	
6	2	145	632.34	211	0.69	
4	1	426	1465.99	655	0.65	
1	4	243	835.97	389	0.62	
5	4	173	356.18	318	0.54	
2	4	127	242.15	235	0.54	
2	3	584	958.58	1002	0.50	
4	2	248	470.53	631	0.39	
5	1	235	525.85	616	0.38	
3	1	123	253.22	324	0.38	
5	2	126	352.30	381	0.33	
11	2	149	435.09	542	0.27	
11	1	155	189.06	707	0.22	
11	3	74	101.32	351	0.21	
6	1	214	532.85	1211	0.18	
4	4	41	175.93	240	0.17	
7	4	69	87.83	433	0.16	
1	3	86	95.32	630	0.14	
2	5	13	12.69	285	0.05	
8	1	0	0.00	1	0.00	
9	1	0	0.00	1	0.00	
9	2	0	0.00	3	0.00	
12	1	0	0.00	0	0.00	
12	2	0	0.00	9	0.00	
12	3	0	0.00	11	0.00	
13	1	0	0.00	343	0.00	
14	2	0	0.00	4	0.00	

Table VI.2 Circuits with 10 worst SAIDI indices highlighted

Reliability Rankings from Greatest to Least
By SAIDI

Substation	Feeder	No. Of Consumers Out	Consumer Hours	No. Of Consumers on Feeder	SAIDI in mins	SAIDI in hours	Major cause
BG Tie		653	1336.57	158	507.56	8.46	Weather
2	2	688	2733.37	410	400.01	6.67	Lightning & Equipment
7	3	302	1141.70	227	301.77	5.03	Weather
3	2	517	1961.15	555	212.02	3.53	Weather & Maintenance
7	1	87	286.49	91	188.89	3.15	Weather
10	1	1789	2729.78	872	187.83	3.13	Weather
6	2	145	632.34	211	179.81	3.00	Weather
7	2	888	1843.61	675	163.88	2.73	Weather
13	2	457	1189.55	453	157.56	2.63	Weather
3	3	546	1181.92	488	145.32	2.42	Vehicle
4	1	426	1465.99	655	134.29	2.24	
1	4	243	835.97	389	128.94	2.15	
1	2	152	294.28	152	116.16	1.94	
2	1	303	518.21	378	82.26	1.37	
5	3	486	845.18	623	81.40	1.36	
5	4	173	356.18	318	67.20	1.12	
6	3	478	477.73	459	62.45	1.04	
2	4	127	242.15	235	61.83	1.03	
5	2	126	352.30	381	55.48	0.92	
5	1	235	525.85	616	51.22	0.85	
2	3	584	958.58	1002	49.58	0.83	
4	3	482	391.74	480	48.97	0.82	
11	2	149	435.09	542	48.16	0.80	
3	1	123	253.22	324	46.89	0.78	
4	2	248	470.53	631	44.74	0.75	
4	4	41	175.93	240	43.98	0.73	
6	1	214	532.85	1211	26.40	0.44	
11	3	74	101.32	351	17.32	0.29	
11	1	155	189.06	707	16.04	0.27	
7	4	69	87.83	433	12.17	0.20	
1	3	86	95.32	630	9.08	0.15	
2	5	13	12.69	285	2.67	0.04	
8	1	0	0.00	1	0.00	0.00	
9	1	0	0.00	1	0.00	0.00	
9	2	0	0.00	3	0.00	0.00	
12	1	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	
12	2	0	0.00	9	0.00	0.00	
12	3	0	0.00	11	0.00	0.00	
13	1	0	0.00	343	0.00	0.00	
14	2	0	0.00	4	0.00	0.00	

APPENDIX A

SHELBY ENERGY COOPERATIVE
620 Old Finchville Road
Shelbyville, KY

VEGETATION MANAGEMENT PLAN (VMP)

Shelby Energy Cooperative (“Shelby”) is an electric distribution system serving ten (10) counties in north-central Kentucky: Shelby, Henry, Trimble, Carroll, Owen, Oldham, Jefferson, Franklin, Spencer, and Anderson. The system consists of approximately 15,341 meters / accounts and approximately 1,800 miles of overhead and underground primary conductor. We have proximately 288 miles of secondary and services. Shelby members are served by eleven (11) substations that are owned and operated by East Kentucky Power Cooperative with headquarters in Winchester, KY. An attachment showing the service territory and substations for Shelby is included (Exhibit 1).

Vegetation management (VM) plays an integral role in accomplishing the mission statement for Shelby Energy Cooperative:

“Shelby Energy Cooperative will provide safe, reliable and cost-effective energy service, while preserving our environment. Our mission is to educate members, employees, and the public with knowledge and tools to use energy safely and efficiently to enhance their quality of life.”

Maintaining effective VM is a major factor in promoting a safer environment within Shelby’s certified territory. VM reduces the possibility of accidental contact with energized power lines thus providing safer conditions for the public, for employees and for contractors. Reliability and power quality enhancements are also afforded by proper VM.

RIGHT OF WAY (ROW) CLEARING CYCLE

Shelby uses a clearing cycle of four (4) to five (5) years that combines ROW trimming, spraying and mowing. The variance of four (4) to five (5) years is used to adjust the clearing cycle based on yearly growing conditions. In 2010, Shelby helicopter patrolled

approximately 300 circuit-miles assessing the present condition of ROW. This in turn helped Shelby prioritize the circuits to be managed. A total of two (2) hourly contract trimming crews (crews) are utilized by Shelby with no less than one (1) crew working year around as weather and/or work permits. One (1) spraying crew is used several months during the summer season. On average, 350 circuit-miles are cleared of vegetation by trimming, cutting and/or spraying annually. Shelby has elected for 2011 to bid feeders to different tree service companies. These crews may consist of a total of ten (10) or more personnel and may be equipped with bucket trucks, chippers, “sky track” machines and bush hog units. These crews and equipment enables Shelby to cover more rough terrain and clear ROW issues in many cross country locations. Shelby complies with the RUS ROW Clearing Guide ~ M1.30G.

RELIABILITY CRITERIA AND REPORTS

Shelby’s engineering and operations (E&O) employees monitor daily, monthly, and annual outage reports and service requests initiated by employees, contractors and cooperative members. This information is reviewed to determine if trends exist indicating a deterioration of service quality or reliability within any specific area. In addition, Shelby utilizes the services of a professional engineering consultant to review outage data and assist in resolving service quality or reliability issues.

PERFORMANCE OF MAINTENANCE

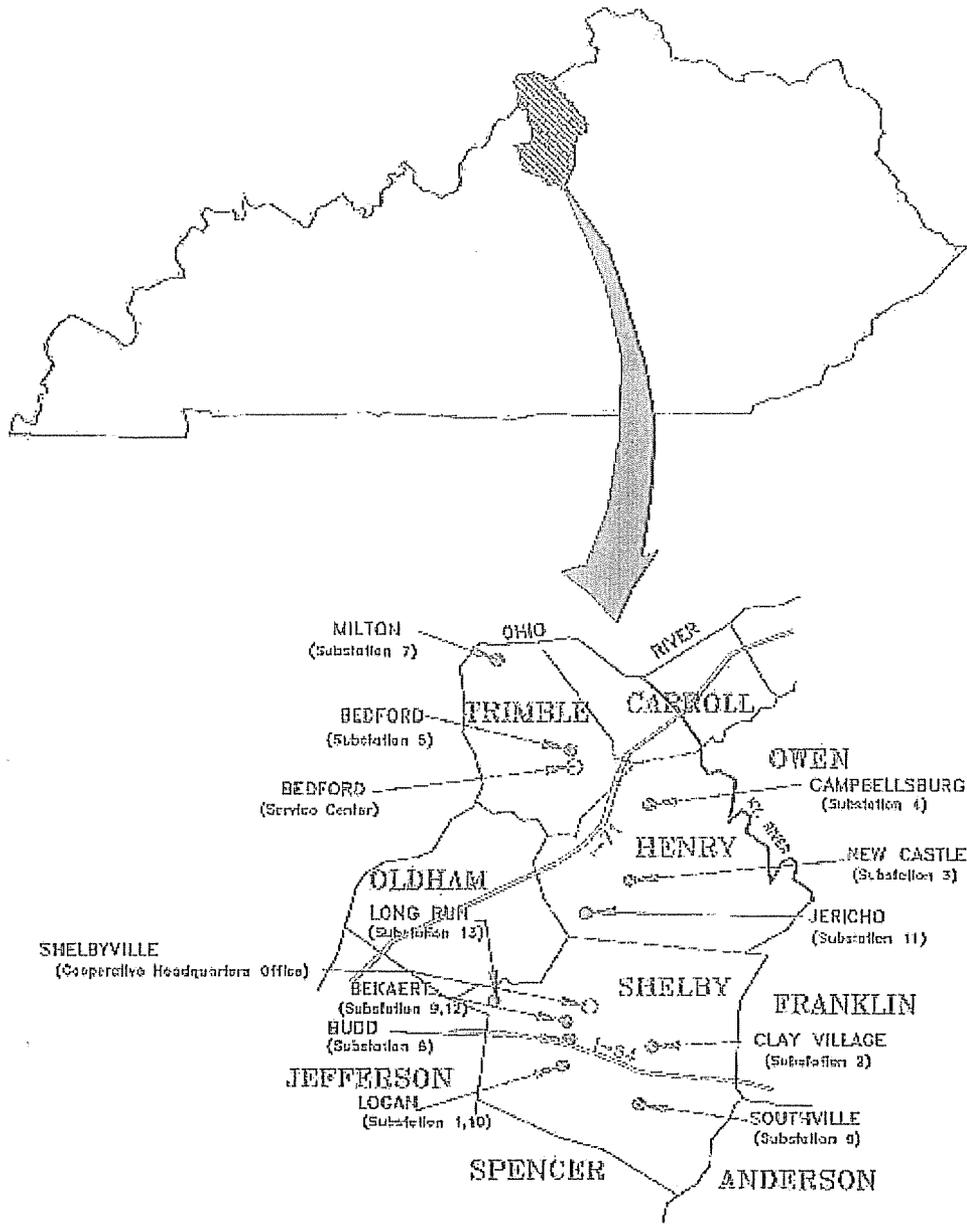
The ROW clearing cycle is established and adjusted as needed to manage the ROW cycle and maintain a high standard of service, quality and reliability. Trouble areas receive timely attention to resolve associated outage or service issues as discovered. Shelby E&O personnel and contractors report problems during their routine work and patrolling efforts to define locations requiring attention to ROW issues. These issues are handled on a case-by-case basis depending upon the severity of the issue.

PLAN EVALUATION

Shelby regularly monitors outages to determine their underlying cause(s). These findings are reviewed monthly, annually, and over a rolling five (5) year period to determine if trending indicates a decline in service quality or reliability is developing within an area of the cooperative’s system. Employees of Shelby’s E&O department work with a professional engineering consultant to calculate, review, and evaluate standard reliability

indices of SAIFI, SAIDI, and CAIDI. Shelby's E&O personnel and its professional engineering consultant continuously monitor and verify that reliability issues are resolved in such a manner that best benefits the members of the cooperative.

Exhibit # 1



SHELBY ENERGY COOPERATIVE SERVICE AREA

Exhibit # 2

RIGHT-OF-WAY CLEARING SPECIFICATIONS

The right-of-way shall be prepared by removing trees, clearing underbrush, and trimming trees so that the right-of-way is cleared close to the ground and to the width specified. However, low growing shrubs, which will not interfere with the operation or maintenance of the line, shall be left undisturbed if so directed by the owner. Slash may be chipped and blown on the right-of-way if so specified.

The landowner's written permission shall be received prior to cutting trees outside of the right-of-way. Trees fronting each side of the right-of-way shall be trimmed symmetrically unless otherwise specified. Dead trees beyond the right-of-way which would strike the line in falling shall be removed. Leaning trees beyond the right-of-way which would strike the line in falling and which would require topping if not removed, shall either be removed or topped, except that shade, fruit, or ornamental trees shall be trimmed and not removed, unless otherwise authorized.

Exhibit #2

